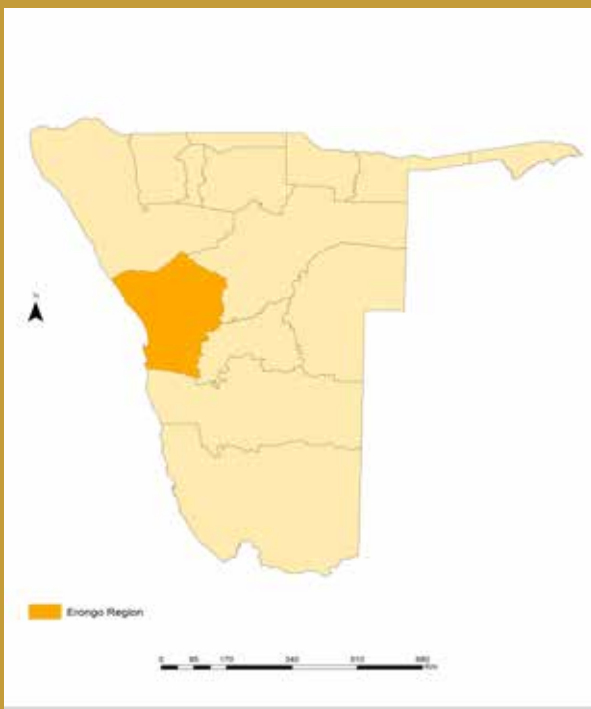


Namibia Statistics
Agency

Erongo Regional Profile Census of Business Establishments 2019 - 21





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Preface

The Namibia Statistics Agency (NSA) conducted the 2019/21 Census of Establishments between October 2019 and April 2021. The Census of Establishments was conducted together with the Population and Housing Census Mapping exercise that visited all physical structures in the country. This was the first Census of Business Establishments to be carried out by the NSA.

The Erongo Census of Business Establishments regional profile is the first of its kind and is released based on the 2019/21 establishment census data. This regional profile provides basic data analysis with highlights of the 2019/21 Census of Establishments carried specifically in the region. Furthermore, the report produces an analysis on businesses demography, economic sectors, employment, and revenues generation in all constituencies found in Erongo region between October 2019 and April 2021.

NSA extend its gratitude to all stakeholders for participation in the establishment's census, amidst the COVID-19 pandemic without which this report would have not been possible. More specifically, the business community as well as households that responded to the NSA by providing the required information. NSA is grateful to the participants who contributed to ensuring that this census was a success. In particular, the technical team that ensured that timely completion of the establishment's census activity is achieved.

Finally, NSA is hopeful that the users of this report will find its contents useful for their decision making and planning purposes, including business investments.

Alex Shimuafeni

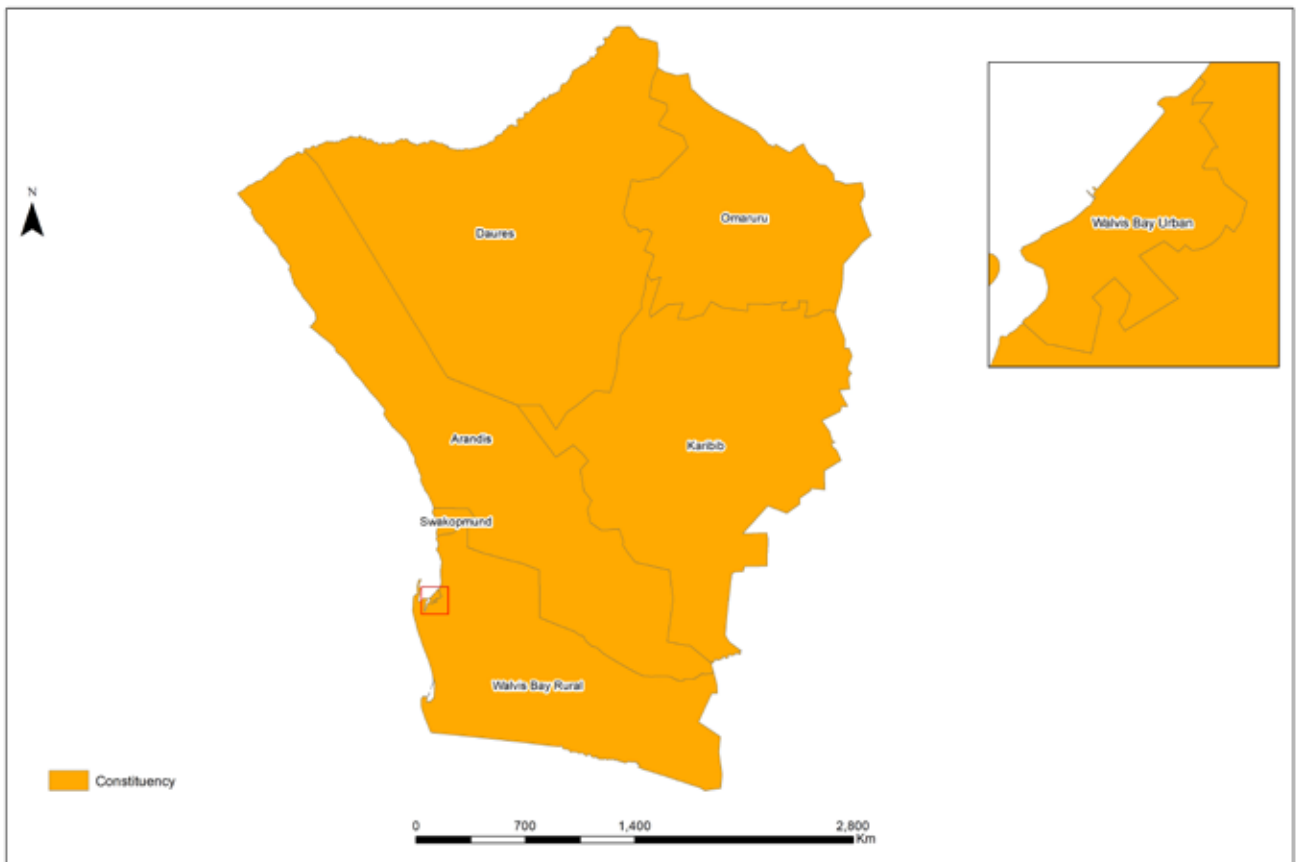
Statistician-General & CEO

July 2022

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ERONGO REGION DEMARCATION BY CONSTITUENCY





List of Acronyms

CAPI	Computer Aided Personal Interview
EA	Enumeration Area
GDP	Gross Domestic Product
GIS	Geographic Information Systems
ISIC	International Standard Industry Classification of all economic activities
MSME	Micro, small, medium enterprises
NSA	Namibia Statistics Agency
SBR	Statistical Business Register
SNA	System of National Accounts



The Census of Business Establishments was conducted from October 2019 to April 2021. It covered all business establishments countrywide with a fixed location, irrespective of the number of employees except for open market and communal farming activities. In addition, establishments that were attached to household structures were excluded. The Census covered all the economic sectors as spelt out in the International Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities (ISIC) Revision 4. Hence for the census of establishments undertaking, grouping of establishments was carried out in compliance with the ISIC Rev.4.

Number of establishments: The total number of establishments contacted in the region were 3,981. Swakopmund constituency had the highest responding establishments accounting for 35.7 percent of the total, followed by Walvis Bay Urban constituency (33.1%). Whilst Daures constituency recorded the least number of establishments of 4.2 percent.

Size of establishments: The census revealed that most establishments (3,286) were characterized as micro establishments, followed by small establishments (453) and in the third-place medium establishments (195). Only 47 of establishments constituted as large establishments.

Ownership: The census revealed that 44.7 percent of establishments (1,779) were classified as Sole proprietors, while 28.4 percent (1,131) were classified as close cooperation. The least type of ownerships were Limited liability companies (Public) and Partnerships that recorded 0.3 percent (10 establishments) and 1.5 percent (58 establishments) in the region.

Employment: During the census period, establishments in all constituencies of Erongo reported to have a total of 42,472 employees. Most of these employees were recruited in 'Wholesale and retail trade' (8,091 employees) and Manufacturing (7,428 employees) sectors. In relation to nationality, the census revealed that 41,726 employees were Namibians while 746 were non-Namibians employees.



CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION AND OVERVIEW

1.1 Background

A Census of Business Establishments is a statistical activity undertaken to collect comprehensive information on the profile and structure of business activities in an economy. The census collects structural information about each business, such as name, economic activity, turnover, location, and employment. This structural information is central to the collection of business statistics since it enables one to identify and to precisely describe each business' participation in the economy. It provides a frame from which a sample that represents a population of business establishments can be selected.

It is against this background that the NSA conducted the first census. The census was carried out together with the 2019/21 Population and Housing Census Mapping, which commenced in October 2019 and ended April 2021. The extended period of enumeration was mainly caused by COVID-19 pandemic measures that were put in place to curb the spread of the virus.

The results in this publication are presented in tables and graphs with distribution, numbers, and percentages of different estimates. Hyphen (-) and zero (0) observed in the tables represents a value of zero and insignificant values, respectively.

This report provides detailed basic highlights from the Census mapping including detailed analysis on the structural and demographic characteristics of establishments in the Erongo region.

1.2 Objectives

The main objectives of the Census of Business Establishments were to provide:

- Detailed structural and demographic characteristics of establishments.
- Statistical information towards enriching the Statistical Business Register (SBR).
- A frozen frame of establishments at a specific time.
- A display of geographic distribution of economic activities

1.3 Limitations

Due to the prevalence of the COVID-19 pandemic, a prolonged data collection process was observed, which had an impact on the response rate of the census across constituencies.

1.4 Response rates

The overall response rate for the establishments in Erongo region was 69.0 percent. Walvis Bay Rural (77.2%) and Swakopmund (76.9%) constituencies recorded the highest response rates. While Daures constituency registered the lowest response rate of 44.3 percent (Table 1).

Table 1: Response rate by constituency

Constituency	Total Number of Establishments	Non-response		Response	
		Number	%	Number	%
Arandis	352	127	36.1	225	63.9
Daures	370	206	55.7	164	44.3
Karibib	400	134	33.5	266	66.5
Omaruru	284	86	30.3	198	69.7
Swakopmund	1,852	428	23.1	1,424	76.9
Walvis Bay Rural	500	114	22.8	386	77.2
Walvis Bay Urban	2,014	696	34.6	1,318	65.4
Erongo region	5,772	1,791	31.0	3,981	69.0

CHAPTER 2: MAIN FINDINGS

2.1 Demographic characteristics

2.1.1 Establishments by constituency

Erongo region is situated in the western part of Namibia, with a geographical size covering 63,639 km², comprising of 7 constituencies. The responding establishments in Erongo region were 3,981 (Table 2).

According to the Census of Business Establishments 2019/21 report, Erongo region ranked 6th in terms of regions with the highest number of responding establishments in Namibia with a contribution of 6.5 percent.

Table 2: Distribution of responding establishment by constituency

Constituency	Total Number of Establishments	%
Arandis	225	5.7
Daures	168	4.2
Karibib	265	6.7
Omaruru	198	5.0
Swakopmund	1,422	35.7
Walvis Bay Rural	385	9.7
Walvis Bay Urban	1,318	33.1
Erongo region	3,981	100.0

The percentage distribution of responding establishments is presented in Figure 1. It is observed that Swakopmund constituency had the highest number of responding establishments (35.7%) followed by Walvis Bay Urban (33.1%), and Walvis Bay Rural constituency (9.7%), whilst Daures constituency recorded the least number of responding establishments at 4.2 percent.

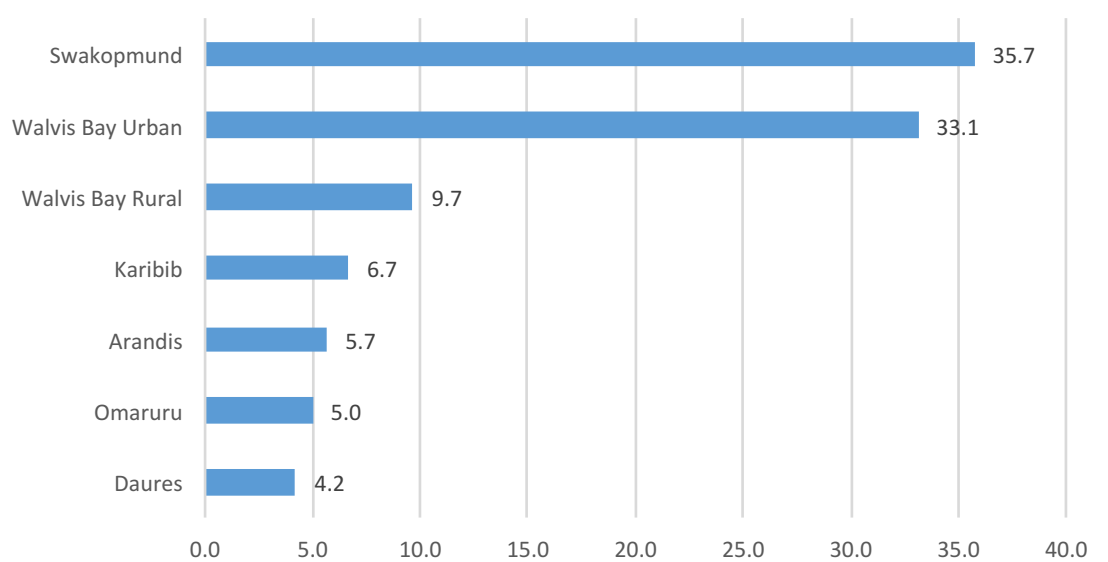


Figure 1: Percentage distribution of responding establishments

2.1.2 Responding establishments by urban and rural areas

Figure 2 depicts information on responding establishments by urban and rural areas. Most of the establishments (92.9%) were operating in urban area while 7.1 percent of the responding establishments were found to be operating in the rural area.

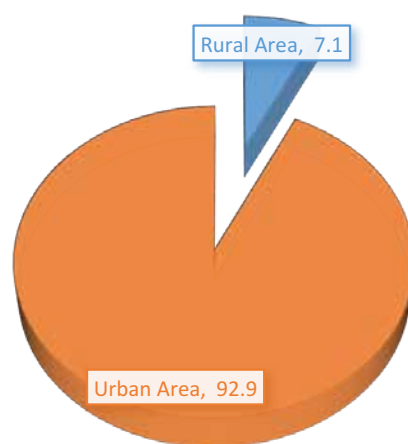


Figure 2: Share of responding establishments by urban and rural areas

2.2 Working status

2.2.1 Closed Establishments

The census sought information on business establishments that were temporarily and permanently closed. Reason cited by respondents for the closures were mainly due to the impact of COVID-19 pandemic. The results presented in Table 3 reveals that a total of 36 establishments were non-operational, of which 34 establishments were temporarily closed while 2 establishments reported to have closed permanently.

Closed establishments were mainly prominent in Swakopmund and Walvis Bay Urban constituencies with each recording 19.4 percent. Whereas the least (8.3%) of establishments that closed where in Daures constituency.

Table 3: Distribution of closed establishments by constituency

Constituency	Permanently closed		Temporarily closed		Total Number of Establishments Closed	
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
Arandis	-	-	4	11.8	4	11.1
Daures	-	-	3	8.8	3	8.3
Karibib	-	-	5	14.7	5	13.9
Omaruru	-	-	5	14.7	5	13.9
Swakopmund	-	-	7	20.6	7	19.4
Walvis Bay Rural	-	-	5	14.7	5	13.9
Walvis Bay Urban	2	100.0	5	14.7	7	19.4
Erongo region	2	100.0	34	100.0	36	100.0

2.2.2 Operational establishments

Table 4 depicts the distribution of establishments that were operational by constituency. The number of establishments that were operational in the region amounted to 3,945. Swakopmund constituency ranked the highest with 1,415 establishments.

On the contrary, the lowest number of operational establishments were found in Daures and Omaruru constituencies with 165 establishments (4.2%) and 193 establishments (4.9%), respectively.

Table 4: Distribution of operational establishments by constituency

Constituency	Operational establishments	
	Number	%
Arandis	221	5.6
Daures	165	4.2
Karibib	260	6.6
Omaruru	193	4.9
Swakopmund	1,415	35.9
Walvis Bay Rural	380	9.6
Walvis Bay Urban	1,311	33.2
Erongo region	3,945	100.0

2.3 Establishment size¹

2.3.1 Establishments by size and constituency

In terms of the distribution of the establishments by size as presented in Table 5 the region is immersed with micro establishments (3,286), followed by small establishments (453) and medium establishments (195). Furthermore, the results shows that only 47 large establishments were registered in the region.

At constituency level, micro establishments were largely observed in Walvis Bay Urban and Swakopmund constituencies with 68.1 percent and 12.8 percent of establishments respectively. On the other hand, Walvis Bay Rural constituency registered no micro establishments. Similarly, the highest proportion of large establishments were recorded in Walvis Bay Urban (40.4%) and Swakopmund (33.8%) constituencies respectively.

¹The size measures are based on the national MSME policy 2016 - 2021.

Table 5: Percentage distribution of establishments by employee size and constituency

Constituency	Establishment size				Total Number of Establishments (%)
	Micro (1 - 10)	Small (11 - 30)	Medium (31 -100)	Large (> 100)	
Arandis	4.3	5.1	5.9	4.0	5.7
Daures	2.1	2.6	4.2	5.3	4.2
Karibib	8.5	5.1	6.8	6.0	6.7
Omaruru	4.3	3.1	4.7	7.9	5.0
Swakopmund	12.8	31.8	36.5	33.8	35.7
Walvis Bay Rural	-	5.6	11.0	2.6	9.7
Walvis Bay Urban	68.1	46.7	30.8	40.4	33.1
Erongo region	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total Number of Establishments	3,286	453	195	47	3,981

2.4 Period of operational commencement

2.4.1 Age Analysis

Table 6 shows the age-range of responding establishments based on their inception dates. At the time of the census, most establishments (47.1%) in the region were aged 6 to 10 years old. This was followed by 16.9 percent of establishments that were aged between 11 to 15 years old.

Table 6: Distribution of establishments by age

Age in years	Number of establishments	%
< 2 years	411	10.3
2 years to 5 years	590	14.8
6 years to 10 years	1,874	47.1
11 years to 15 years	673	16.9
> 15 years	433	10.9
Erongo region	3,981	100.0

2.4.2 Distribution of establishments by period of starting operation

The census also sought information on the year the establishments started with operations and using '2013 and before' as the base year. Out of 3,981 establishments that responded, most establishments (1,458) started operating during the period of '2013 and before' (Figure 3). In addition, a surge of 1,125 establishments started operating during the period of 2018 - 2019 while the lowest influx of 394 establishments started operating during the period of 2014 - 2015.

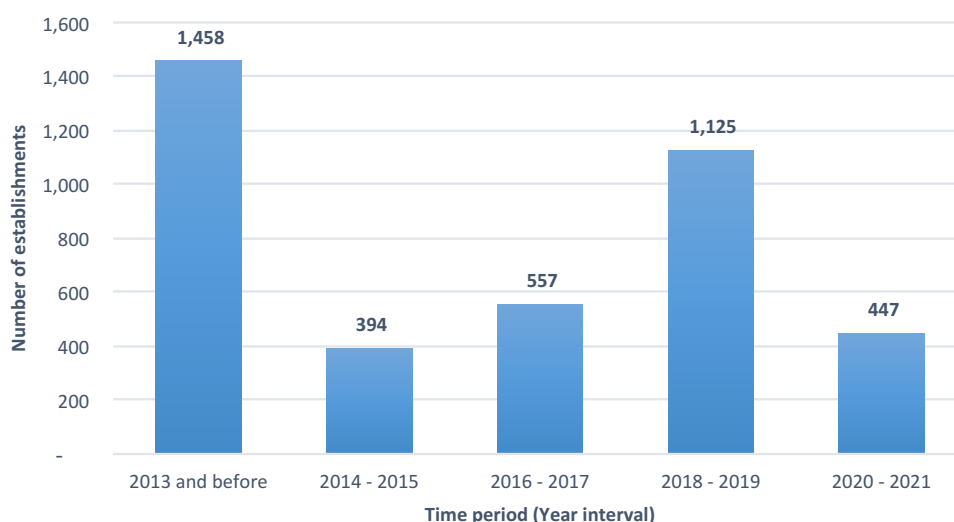


Figure 3: Number of establishments by period of starting operation

During the period 2018 - 2019, Walvis Bay Urban constituency (412 establishments) and Swakopmund constituency (345 establishments) recorded the highest number of new establishments (Table 7), an indication of favourable business climate in those constituencies.

Table 7: Distribution of establishments by year intervals and constituency

Constituency	Year Intervals					Total Number of establishments
	2013 and before	2014 - 2015	2016 - 2017	2018 - 2019	2020 - 2021	
Arandis	87	26	23	63	26	225
Daures	86	13	19	37	13	168
Karibib	94	23	29	82	37	265
Omaruru	100	13	18	50	17	198
Swakopmund	515	164	223	345	175	1,422
Walvis Bay Rural	87	37	43	136	82	385
Walvis Bay Urban	489	118	202	412	97	1,318
Erongo region	1,458	394	557	1,125	447	3,981

2.4.3 Economic activity distribution of establishments by year of starting operation

The census reveals a consistent surge of establishments over the years in 'Wholesale and retail trade' and 'Accommodation and food service activities' sectors as presented in Table 8. While for the same period, the number of emerging establishments in 'Information and communication', Water supply and Electricity supply sectors were low.

Table 8: Distribution of establishments by starting period of operations and economic activity

Sector	Year interval					Total number of establishments
	2013 and before	2014 - 2015	2016 - 2017	2018 - 2019	2020 - 2021	
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	24	4	4	11	4	47
Mining and quarrying	9	2	4	6	1	22
Manufacturing	152	32	36	101	32	353
Electricity supply	7	2	1	6	1	17
Water supply	3	3	2	5	-	13
Construction	29	6	11	8	2	56
Wholesale and retail trade	401	142	255	447	251	1,496
Transportation and storage	55	7	12	21	1	96
Accommodation and food service activities	290	78	106	212	83	769
Information and communication	11	2	5	2	-	20
Financial and insurance activities	27	10	16	24	5	82
Real estate activities	10	4	4	5	1	24
Professional, scientific, and technical activities	49	16	12	24	2	103
Administrative and support service activities	35	11	7	20	8	81
Public administration and defence	64	7	5	20	-	96
Education	98	17	20	49	15	199
Human health and social work activities	54	16	19	42	4	135
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	27	4	4	21	3	59
Other service activities	113	31	34	101	34	313
Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies	-	-	-	-	-	-
Erongo region	1,458	394	557	1,125	447	3,981

2.5 Establishments ownership

2.5.1 Establishments by type of ownership

Majority of the establishments (44.7%) were found to be operating as Sole proprietors followed by Close cooperation (28.4%) and Limited liability companies (private) with 15.0 percent as displayed in Figure 4. The least type of ownerships were Limited liability companies (public) with 0.3 percent.

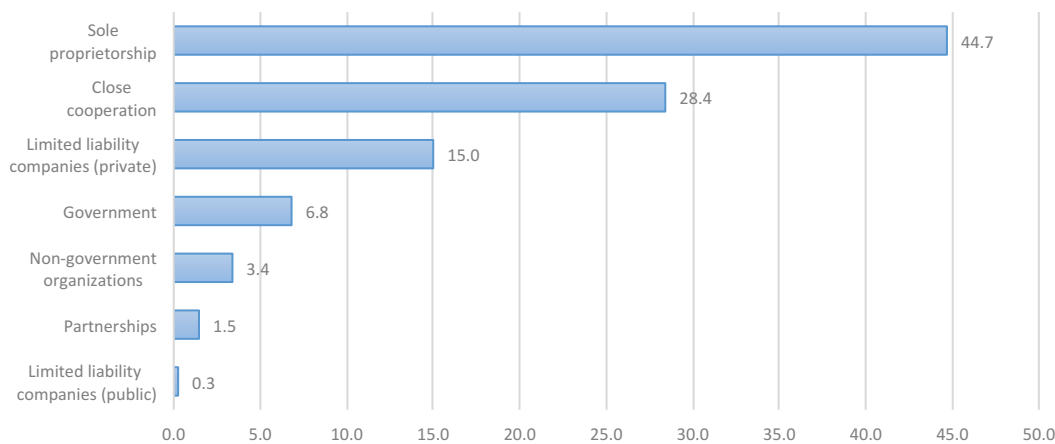


Figure 4: Percentage distribution of responding establishments by type of ownership

2.5.2 Establishments by type of ownership and constituency

The census reveals that out of 3,981 establishments in Erongo region, most establishments (1,779) were trading as Sole proprietors (Table 9). These establishments were mainly situated in Swakopmund constituency with 645 establishments, followed by Walvis Bay Urban constituency with 458 establishments. Whereas Omaruru constituency recorded the least number of Sole proprietors with 76 establishments only.

Furthermore, the findings indicate that Close cooperation were prominent in Walvis Bay Urban constituency with 450 establishments, followed by Swakopmund constituency with 425 establishments. While Daures constituency recorded the least number of establishments with 28 establishments.

Table 9: Distribution of establishments by type of ownership and constituency

Constituency	Sole proprietorship	Partnerships	Close cooperation	Government	Limited liability companies (private)	Limited liability companies (public)	Non-government organizations
Arandis	100	2	67	17	24	2	13
Daures	84	-	28	44	3	-	9
Karibib	127	2	46	44	31	1	14
Omaruru	76	3	65	21	20	1	12
Swakopmund	645	28	425	72	209	4	39
Walvis Bay Rural	289	-	50	17	14	-	15
Walvis Bay Urban	458	23	450	56	296	2	33
Erongo region	1,779	58	1,131	271	597	10	135

2.5.3 Establishments by type of ownership and economic activity

In terms of distribution of economic activities by ownership status, most Sole proprietors amounting to 341 establishments were operating in 'Wholesale and retail trade' sector (Table 10). The least Sole proprietors were operating within 'Public administration and defence' sector with only 4 establishments. Furthermore, the highest number of establishments operating as Close cooperation were involved in the 'Wholesale and retail trade' sector, which accounted for 268 establishments, followed by Manufacturing sector with 55 establishments.

Table 10: Distribution of establishments by type of ownership and economic activities

Sector	Ownership status							Total Number of establishments
	Sole proprietorship	Partnerships	Close cooperation	Government	Limited liability companies (private)	Limited liability companies (public)	Non-government organizations	
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	27	-	16	-	1	3	-	47
Mining and quarrying	6	-	15	-	-	-	1	22
Manufacturing	196	-	55	-	-	9	93	353
Electricity supply	6	1	10	-	-	-	-	17
Water supply	7	1	3	-	-	-	2	13
Construction	41	2	10	-	-	1	2	56
Wholesale and retail trade	341	3	268	-	-	7	877	1,496
Transportation and storage	40	3	50	-	-	1	2	96
Accommodation and food service activities	195	23	43	-	9	-	499	769
Information and communication	6	2	10	-	-	-	2	20
Financial and insurance activities	23	1	37	10	-	3	8	82
Real estate activities	16	1	2	-	-	3	2	24
Professional, scientific, and technical activities	39	15	19	-	1	13	16	103
Administrative and support service activities	51	3	15	-	-	-	12	81
Public administration and defence	4	87	3	-	2	-	-	96
Education	28	87	8	-	15	-	61	199
Human health and social work activities	27	31	22	-	14	18	23	135
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	25	9	6	-	4	-	15	59
Other service activities	53	2	5	-	89	-	164	313
Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Erongo region	1,779	58	1,131	271	597	10	135	3,981

2.5.4 Sole proprietors by sex and constituency

In terms of sole proprietor's ownership by sex, the census revealed that male ownership dominates, accounting for 57.9 percent of establishments as opposed to 42.1 percent of establishments owned by females.

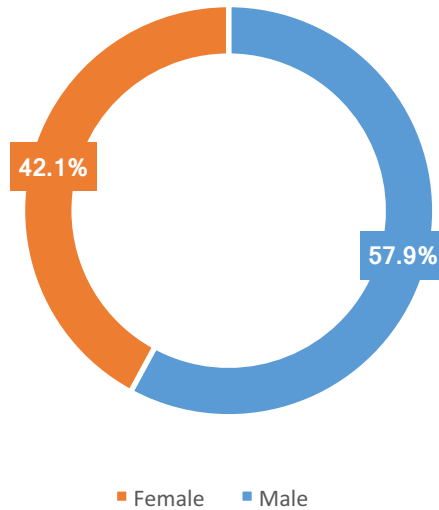


Figure 5: Share of Sole proprietors by sex

Table 11 presents the distribution of ownership of sole proprietorship establishments by sex and constituency. The result shows that 1,030 establishments were owned by males as compared to 749 establishments that were owned by females. This distribution is further reflected in all constituencies were male ownership dominated their female counterparts with Arandis constituency recording the lowest male dominance of 55.3 percent.

Table 11: Distribution of sole proprietorship by sex and constituency

Constituency	Sex				Total number
	Female		Male		
	Number	%	Number	%	
Arandis	46	44.7	57	55.3	103
Daures	37	44.6	46	55.4	83
Karibib	56	43.8	72	56.3	128
Omaruru	29	39.2	45	60.8	74
Swakopmund	295	45.7	350	54.3	645
Walvis Bay Rural	116	40.3	172	59.7	288
Walvis Bay Urban	170	37.1	288	62.9	458
Erongo region	749	42.1	1,030	57.9	1,779

2.6 Employment

2.6.1 Employment by nationality and constituency

The total number of employed persons in establishments for Erongo region stood at 42,472 employees. In terms of nationality, Namibian employees amounted to 41,726 compared to 746 non-Namibian employees. The regional proportion of non-Namibian employees to the total employment was 1.8 percent. At constituency level, the highest share of 1.9 percent was recorded in Walvis Bay Urban constituency (Table 12).

Table 12: Distribution of employees by nationality and constituency

Constituency	Namibian Employees		Non-Namibian employees		Total employment
	Number	%	Number	%	
Arandis	1,594	98.9	17	1.1	1,611
Daures	1,061	98.4	17	1.6	1,078
Karibib	2,373	98.2	44	1.8	2,417
Omaruru	1,731	98.6	24	1.4	1,755
Swakopmund	10,067	98.4	161	1.6	10,228
Walvis Bay Rural	1,354	98.8	17	1.2	1,371
Walvis Bay Urban	23,546	98.1	466	1.9	24,012
Erongo region	41,726	98.2	746	1.8	42,472

2.6.2 Employment by nationality and economic activities

The census further reveals that within the Erongo region, 'Wholesale and retail trade' sector employed the highest number of employees amounting to 8,091 followed by 7,428 employees in the Manufacturing sector. While, the least number of employees were found in Water supply and 'Information and Communication' sectors recording 107 employees and 111 employees, respectively.

The non-Namibian workforce were prominent in 'Agriculture, forestry, and fishing with 244 employees, followed by Manufacturing sector with 101 employees (Table 13).

Table 13: Distribution of employees by nationality and economic activities

Sector	Namibian Employees	Non-Namibian employees	Total Employment
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	5,782	244	6,026
Mining and quarrying	621	12	633
Manufacturing	7,327	101	7,428
Electricity supply	193	1	194
Water supply	107	-	107
Construction	1,195	12	1,207
Wholesale and retail trade	8,007	84	8,091
Transportation and storage	2,176	64	2,240
Accommodation and food service activities	3,734	54	3,788
Information and communication	110	1	111
Financial and insurance activities	587	1	588
Real estate activities	117	1	118
Professional, scientific, and technical activities	945	19	964
Administrative and support service activities	3,030	7	3,037
Public administration and defence	2,469	13	2,482
Education	2,726	46	2,772
Human health and social work activities	1,373	67	1,440
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	266	1	267
Other service activities	961	18	979
Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies	-	-	-
Erongo region	41,726	746	42,472

2.7 Economic activities

2.7.1 Establishments by economic activities

The results in Table 14 indicates that most establishments were operating in 'Wholesale and retail trade' sector accounting for 37.6 percent of the total responding establishments. This was followed by 'Accommodation and food service activities' sector with a share of 19.3 percent. On the other hand, the proportion of establishments operating in the Water supply and Electricity supply sectors were the least, accounting for 0.3 percent and 0.4 percent, respectively.

Table 14: Distribution of establishment by economic activities

Sector	Number of establishments	%
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing	47	1.2
Mining and quarrying	22	0.6
Manufacturing	353	8.9
Electricity supply	17	0.4
Water supply	13	0.3
Construction	56	1.4
Wholesale and retail trade	1,496	37.6
Transportation and storage	96	2.4
Accommodation and food service activities	769	19.3
Information and communication	20	0.5
Financial and insurance activities	82	2.1
Real estate activities	24	0.6
Professional, scientific, and technical activities	103	2.6
Administrative and support service activities	81	2.0
Public administration and defence	96	2.4
Education	199	5.0
Human health and social work activities	135	3.4
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	59	1.5
Other service activities	313	7.9
Activities of extraterritorial organizations and bodies	-	-
Erongo region	3,981	100.0



Annexure I List of Terms and Definitions

Concepts and definitions of the 2019 - 2021 establishment census was guided by 2008 SNA and ISIC revision 4:

Branch:	A smaller establishment located away from the main office, generally referred to as subsidiaries, where a single production activity of the establishment is conducted.
Census Mapping:	The process of dividing the country into smaller units of about equal population size, which will make it possible for an enumerator to enumerate the total population.
Close Corporation Cc:	is a form of ownership that consist of a minimum of one and a maximum of ten members. The interest of member of the close corporation is expressed as a percentage. The name of the close corporation ends with 'CC'.
Economic production:	Is an activity, carried out under the responsibility, control and management of an establishment that uses inputs of labour, capital, land to produce outputs of goods and services.
Economic territory:	The area under the effective economic control of a single government, Economic territory has the dimensions of physical location as well as legal jurisdiction, so that corporations created under the law of that jurisdiction are part of that economy.
Establishment Age:	Refers to the exact time when an establishment starting its initial starting dates with economic production. The variable captured the date, month, and year when the establishment started operating. To simplify the report, we grouped the establishment age into five cohorts.
Establishment census:	Is a statistical undertaking on the full set of economic units belonging to a given population or universe. It is the complete enumeration of a population or groups at a point in time with respect to well defined characteristics.
Establishment size:	the establishments size are based on the number of full time employees grouped in different categories.
Employment:	As per the Labour Act “employer” means any person, including the State and a user enterprise referred to in section 128(1) who - (a) employs or provides work for, an individual and who remunerates or expressly or tacitly undertakes to remunerate that individual.
Establishment:	Is a unit that is situated in a single location and in which only a single productive activity is carried out or in which the principal activity accounts for most of the value added. ¹
Government:	Consists of institutional units aiming to fulfilling their potential responsibilities and their role of economic regulation, produce services (and possibly goods) for individuals or collective consumption mainly on a non-profit basis and redistribute income and wealth.
Household:	A household usually consists of one or more persons, related or unrelated, who live together in the same house/homestead/compound, but not necessarily in the same dwelling unit and have the same or common catering or eating arrangement (cook and eat together), and are answerable to the same Head of household. It is important to remember that members who belong to the same household do not necessarily need to be related in blood or marriage.
Limited Liability	
Companies (Private):	Refers to a legal entity that comprises of 1 – 50 members and has its own legal personality. The public cannot buy shares in a private company. The name of a private company ends with (Pty) Ltd, which mean proprietary limited.

Limited Liability

Companies (Public): Is a publicly owned company, has a minimum of 7 shareholders, but maximum number of shareholders is only limited by the number of shares issued to the public. The public is invited to buy shares in a public company and these shares are publicly traded on the stock exchange.

Operational

establishment: These refers to an establishment that is engaged into economic production during the period of census undertaking.

Partnerships: Refers to a form of business that comprises of 2 -20 partners. Under a partnership there is joint control and authority over aspects of the business.

Production Boundary: According to the SNA production boundary is the production of all goods and services produced as outputs destined for the market, whether for sale or barter. It also includes all goods or services provided free to individual households or collectively to the community by government units or NGOs.

Revenue: A measure of the inflow or increase in net assets generated by the sales made by a company. It reflects the amounts brought into the company by the sales process during a specified period.

Response rate: Is defined as the proportion (expressed in percentage) of establishments which responded to the census questionnaire to the total listed (mapped) establishments.

Non-government

Organization: Are legal entities that are principally engaged in the production of non-profit services for households or the community at large and whose main resources are voluntary contributions.

Sole Proprietorship: Is referred to a sole trader or one person business which has only one owner. A sole proprietor has no legal personality. Therefore, the assets of the business belong to the owner and is personally liable for all debt and claims made against the business.



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